

Dental Health

- Smoking can cause staining, bad breath and dry mouth.
- Smoking is a contributing factor for periodontal disease.
- Smoking is associated with poor wound healing.



Smoking is an Addiction to a **Physical Habit**

Many studies show that denicotinized cigarettes provide craving relief more than nicontinized alternative.

Electronic Cigarettes (E-CIG)

- The E-CIG is a non-tobacco recreational nicotine delivery device.
- Has carcinogens at lower concentrations than tobacco combustion products.
- Product is not currently regulated; nicotine delivery is unpredictable.
- The E-CIG does not help to break the oral habit, and is not supported currently as a "smoking cessation" device.

Smoking Cessation Timeline

O seconds: Air is free of carcinogens

20 minutes: Blood pressure and oxygen

levels return to normal.

Coughing decreases and

lung functions improves.

1 year: Risk of coronary heart

9 months:

disease is decreased by 50%.

10 years: Life expectancy returns to

non-smoker levels.

Support & Help

The UF Area Health Education Centers(AHEC) IQuit Program is FREE and provides free nicotine replacement medications and group counseling with others going through the same situation. For information visit: ahectobacco.com/calendar

UF Health Science Center staff, patients & families 352-392-4541

UF Students 352-273-4450

UF Faculty & Staff 352-392-5787

All other Florida residents 1-877-848-6696





Smoking and Your Dental Health

Brought to you by DMD Clinic 3A Team Eight

Where to START

- ☐ Identify reasons to quit. List them on a notepad and put them on a place that you will see every day such as a refrigerator door or your desktop screen.
- Set the date and time. Tell friends and family your quit date. Mark it on the calendar.
- ☐ Think about when and why you use tobacco. When you are sad?

 Bored? Stressed? While driving? Break from work? With others or alone?
- □ Develop a plan for situations you typically smoke. If you smoke when you are bored, pick up crossword puzzles or exercise or call a friend!
- ☐ Think POSITIVE. "I'm worth it." "I will do this."
- What happens if you smoke after you quit? DON'T PUNISH YOURSELF; try to think why it happened and develop a plan or activity to do the next time it comes up.

Treatment Options for Quitting

Nicotine Replacement Therapy (NRT)

- NRTs aim to decrease withdrawal symptoms by replacing nicotine in the blood.
- All forms of NRT (gum, patch, lozenge, etc.) are effective.
- NRTs double long term success rates of smoking cessation.

Anti-Depressants

- Bupropion and Nortriptyline aid long-term smoking cessation.
- The correlation of success is similar to NRT.
- Correlation of success is not limited to patients with history of depression.
- SSRI type of anti-depressants have NOT been shown to aid in smoking cessation.





How to Increase Your Chances of Success

- Group counseling and/or telephone quit lines DOUBLE the probability for smoking abstinence than medications alone.
- 2. People can seek help from ANY provider (from dentist to cardiologist) to keep on track. Every level of health care comprehensively supports smoking cessation initiatives.
- 3. STAY INVOLVED. Once you quit stay involved. Run a group counseling meeting or participate in smoking cessation events. Be there for others that are starting their own smoking cessation journey.